

Our employees and their knowledge and capabilities represent Robeco's most important asset. In order to attract and retain staff who enable Robeco to help our clients achieve their goals, providing an attractive remuneration and benefits package is vital. It is equally vital to reward our people based on their performance fairly and competitively. To achieve this, we have a remuneration policy in place.

Objectives of the remuneration policy

In line with our reputation as a leader in sustainability, Robeco compensates its employees in a non-discriminatory and gender neutral manner. The key objectives of our remuneration policy are:

- incentivizing employees to act in our clients' best interests and preventing potential poor business conduct or conflicts of interest from adversely affecting our clients;
- supporting our risk management processes and preventing our employees from taking unnecessary risks;
- helping us foster a healthy corporate culture focused on achieving sustainable results in accordance with the long-term objectives of Robeco, its clients and other stakeholders;
- ensuring our remuneration policy takes into account ESG risks and our sustainable investment objectives by incorporating these criteria in the key performance indicators (KPIs) used to determine individual staff members' variable compensation;
- providing competitive remuneration to help us attract and retain talented people

We review the policy every year to ensure it is aligned with regulatory requirements, internal standards and client interests. We also immediately review the remuneration policy in response to any significant changes in our business activities or organizational structure.

The basis of our remuneration policy

In general, Robeco aims to align its remuneration policy and practices with its risk profile, its function and the interests of all its stakeholders. Robeco's remuneration policy and practices aim to reward success and maintain a sustainable balance between short- and long-term value creation and reflect Robeco's long-term responsibility toward its employees, clients, shareholders and other stakeholders.

The regulatory environment

Robeco is active in a strictly regulated sector. This impacts every aspect of our business model, including our remuneration policy and practices. All of the remuneration regulations that Robeco is subject to as an asset manager endeavor to align, at least in general terms, our company's interests with those of our stakeholders. The regulations state that we should achieve this aim through the use of deferral mechanisms, retention periods and restrictions on disproportionate ratios between fixed and variable remuneration. We incorporate these requirements – both in letter and in spirit – in our remuneration policy. We recognize that excessive variable remuneration can be inappropriate. Therefore, annual variable remuneration in principle does not exceed 200% of fixed remuneration. In recognition of Robeco's responsibility to address sustainability challenges, we have explicitly integrated sustainability risk factors in the performance indicators of relevant employees.

Monitoring of and changes to our remuneration policy

Robeco constantly seeks and receives input from clients, its shareholder, regulators and other stakeholder groups about its approach to remuneration. We have put in place robust governance and monitoring arrangements to ensure our remuneration policy remains aligned not just with applicable laws, but also with the interests of our stakeholders. Our Management Board is ultimately responsible for approving changes to our remuneration policy (apart from changes to their own remuneration). The remuneration of the Management Board is determined by the Supervisory Board and the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

Components of remuneration

All remuneration our employees receive can be divided into fixed remuneration (payments or benefits that do not take into account any performance criteria) and variable remuneration (additional payments or benefits that depend on performance). When determining employees' total remuneration, we periodically perform a benchmark review.

Fixed remuneration

Each individual employee's monthly fixed pay is determined based on their function and/or level of responsibility and experience according to set salary ranges and with reference to investment management benchmarks in the relevant region. The fixed remuneration we pay is sufficient to remunerate the staff member for the professional services they perform, in line with their level of education, degree of seniority, level of expertise, skills required for their role and work experience, and the part of our business

and region they work in. Under certain circumstances, temporary allowances may be awarded. In general, these are solely function- and/or responsibility based and are not linked to the performance of the employee or Robeco. Allowances are granted based on strict guidelines and principles.

Variable remuneration

The variable remuneration pool is determined based on Robeco's financial results and a risk assessment that takes into account both financial and non-financial factors. This is to ensure any variable remuneration grants are warranted given the financial strength of the company and based on effective risk management. The variable remuneration of all staff members is appropriately balanced with the fixed remuneration that they receive.

Key performance Indicators (KPIs)

To the extent that the variable remuneration pool allows, each employee's variable remuneration is determined by taking into account the employee's behavior and personal and team performance based on pre-determined financial and non-financial KPIs. The actual amount of variable remuneration awarded is at the discretion of the employee's manager.

The financial KPIs for our investment professionals are mainly based on risk-adjusted excess returns over one, three and five years. For sales professionals, financial KPIs are mostly related to generated additional revenues (net revenue run rate) and client relationship management. KPIs for support professionals are mainly non-financial and role specific. KPIs for control functions are predominantly (70% or more) function- and/or responsibility-specific and non-financial in nature. KPIs for staff members in control functions are not based on the financial results of the part of the business they oversee in their monitoring role. At least 50% of all employees' KPIs are non-financial.

All employees have a mandatory risk and compliance KPI. Their risk and compliance performance is assessed and used to adjust their overall performance downward if it does not meet the required level. Unethical or non-compliant behavior overrides any good performance generated by a staff member and will result in reduced or no variable remuneration.

All employees also have a sustainability KPI. Our Sustainability and Impact Strategy Committee develops KPIs to measure how successfully we are implementing our sustainable investing strategy. The KPIs are role-specific, and can be qualitative or quantitative. They are used as a starting point to develop KPIs for different employee groups. Where relevant, sustainability risk factors form a part of the annual goals of employees so that their remuneration is linked to sustainability risk management.

For example, portfolio managers have decarbonization and ESG integration-related KPIs, while risk professionals have sustainability risk and monitoring-related KPIs. Sustainability KPIs for the members of our Management Board depend on the domain they are responsible for; they include KPIs linked to sustainability reporting projects, ensuring we adhere to emission reduction targets for our own operations, and monitoring and ensuring we comply with sustainability regulatory requirements. Management Board members have both individual and team KPIs. Sustainability is integrated in some of the individual KPIs of our Management Board members. The individual goals have a total weight of 50% and are based on both qualitative and quantitative aspects.

Conversion into Robeco Cash Appreciation Rights

To stimulate a healthy corporate culture focused on achieving sustainable results in accordance with the long-term objectives of Robeco and its stakeholders, we use deferrals and instruments called 'Robeco Cash Appreciation Rights' (R-CARs), the value of which reflects the financial results of Robeco over a rolling eight-quarter period.

Variable remuneration up to EUR 100,000 is paid in cash immediately after being awarded. If an employee's variable remuneration exceeds EUR 100,000, 40% of the variable remuneration in excess of EUR 75,000 is deferred and converted into R-CARs as shown in the table below, and the remainder is paid in cash.

	<i>Year 1</i>	<i>Year 2</i>	<i>Year 3</i>	<i>Year 4</i>
Cash payment	60%			
R-CARs redemption		13.34%	13.33%	13.33%

Severance payments

We pay no severance if an employee voluntarily resigns or is dismissed for malpractice. Severance payments to daily policymakers as defined in the Wet op het financieel toezicht (Wft; Dutch Financial Supervision Act) are capped at 100% of fixed remuneration. No severance would be paid to daily policymakers if they are dismissed due to a failure of Robeco (for example, in the event of a request for state aid or if substantial sanctions are imposed by the regulator).

Rules for Identified Staff and Control Function Staff

Additional rules apply to Identified Staff and Control Function Staff.

Identified Staff

Identified Staff are employees who can have a material impact on Robeco's risk profile and/or the funds we manage. Identified Staff include the Management Board, ExCo members, senior portfolio management staff, the heads of control functions (such as Compliance, Risk Management and Internal Audit) and other risk-takers as defined in the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD) and the Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities Directive V (UCITS V) whose total remuneration places them in the same remuneration bracket as the other staff members we refer to.

Additional rules that apply to Identified Staff include part of their variable remuneration being paid in cash and part of it being deferred and converted into R-CARs, as set out in the payment/redemption table below. The threshold of EUR 100,000 does not apply to these staff members. In the occasional event that variable remuneration is more than twice the amount of fixed remuneration, the percentages in brackets in the table below apply.

	<i>Year 1</i>	<i>Year 2</i>	<i>Year 3</i>	<i>Year 4</i>	<i>Year 5</i>
Cash payment	30% (20%)	6.67% (10%)	6.66% (10%)	6.66% (10%)	6.66% (10%)
R-CARs redemption		30% (20%)	6.67% (10%)	6.66% (10%)	6.66% (10%)

Control Function Staff

Control Function Staff are employees who work in our Compliance, Risk Management and Internal Audit departments. The following rules apply to the fixed and variable remuneration of Control Function Staff.

- The fixed remuneration is sufficient to guarantee that Robeco can attract qualified and experienced staff.
- The KPIs of Control Function Staff are predominantly role-specific and non-financial.
- The financial KPIs are not based on the financial results of the part of the business that the employee covers in their monitoring role.
- The KPIs may not be based on the financial results of the business part they oversee in their monitoring role.
- The rules above apply in addition to the rules that apply to Identified Staff if an employee is part of both the Control Function Staff and Identified Staff.
- The remuneration of the Head of Compliance, Head of Internal Audit and the Head of Risk fall under the direct supervision of the Supervisory Board, as advised by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

Risk control measures

Robeco has set out clear risk control procedures to prevent and address remuneration-related risks. These include an assessment of possible risks, an annual remuneration policy review process and shareholder approval of our remuneration policy. We elaborate on these aspects below.

Identified risks

Robeco has identified the following risks that must be taken into account in applying its remuneration policy:

- misconduct or a serious error of judgement on the part of employees (such as taking non-permitted risks, violating compliance guidelines or exhibiting behavior that conflicts with our core values) in order to meet business objectives or other objectives;
- a considerable deterioration in Robeco's financial results;
- a serious violation of the risk management system;
- evidence that fraudulent acts have been committed by employees;

- behavior that results in considerable losses. The following risk control measures apply, all of which are monitored by the Supervisory Board.

Clawback – for all employees

Robeco may reclaim all or part of the variable remuneration paid to an employee if:

- the payment was made on the basis of incorrect information;
- it becomes clear that the employee committed fraud;
- they have engaged in serious improper behavior or demonstrated serious negligence in the performance of their tasks;
- their behavior has resulted in considerable losses for the organization.

Ex-post malus – for Identified Staff

- Before paying any part of a deferred remuneration payment, Robeco may reduce the amount to be paid on the following grounds. Evidence of fundamental misconduct, errors or integrity issues by the staff member, such as a breach of the Code of Conduct or other internal rules, especially related to risks.
- If there is evidence the staff member caused a considerable deterioration in the financial performance of Robeco or any fund we manage.
- A significant deficiency in Robeco's risk management or the risk management of any fund we manage.
- Significant changes in Robeco's financial situation.

Ex-ante risk assessment – for Identified Staff

Before granting variable remuneration to Identified Staff, Robeco may decide to reduce the variable remuneration proposal, potentially to zero, in the event of collective or individual compliance- or risk-related issues.

Shareholder approval

The remuneration of the Management Board is determined by our shareholder, based on a proposal from the Supervisory Board, which is advised by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The proposal will be based on a prior proposal of the CEO, except when it concerns the remuneration of the CEO itself. With regards to RIAM, the remuneration policy for the Management Board as adopted by the General Meeting will be taken into account. Remuneration for employees who earn more than EUR 750,000 per year or who are granted variable remuneration in excess of 200% of their fixed remuneration requires the approval of the Supervisory Board (advised by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee) and our shareholder.

Annual review

Our remuneration processes are audited and reviewed each year internally. Any relevant changes made by regulators are incorporated in our remuneration policies and guidelines. Every year, an independent external party reviews our remuneration policy to ensure it is fully compliant with all relevant regulations. There are no differences between the retirement benefit schemes and the contribution rates for the highest governance body members, senior executives and all other employees.

Supervisory Board compensation

Supervisory Board members receive fees for their service on the Supervisory Board. All fees are paid out fully in cash.

No variable remuneration is provided, ensuring the Supervisory Board members act impartially. Supervisory Board members are not eligible to receive any benefits in relation to their position on the Supervisory Board.